

## Examination in Optical physics 121019

All examination aids except those which provide contact with the outer world are allowed. Draw figures whenever possible!

**1-2**

The hyperfocal distance is defined as the object distance at which an instrument (normally a camera) is focused if the depth of focus should include infinity and reach as close to the instrument as possible. Derive an expression for the hyperfocal distance expressed in focal length, f-number and maximum blur circle diameter.

**3**

In some birefringent materials there are incident angles for which one polarisation has total internal reflection and the other polarization has brewster angle. Express the condition for this as birefringence ( $\Delta n = n_{eo} - n_o$ ) as function of  $n_o$

**4**

At what distance does a sodium street light (assume circular source with diameter 50 mm) become so transversally coherent as to produce an interference patterns in a double slit with slit distance 1 mm (cc)?

**5**

What is the diffraction pattern in Fraunhofer approximation of two square apertures with sides  $a$ , separated (cc – distance)  $3a$ ? Answer with calculations and a plot of the intensity along a line in diffraction pattern parallel with the line between the centers of the squares.

**6**

What is the highest reflectance that can be achieved from a layer of  $\text{TiO}_2$  ( $n=2,40$ ) on glass? Calculate first with just interference between the two first reflections and then with the entire series of reflections

Write your mail address on the envelope!!!